



Latin American Independence Movements



REVIEW!



TOUSSAINT L'OUVERTURE

- Led independence of Haiti from France.
- Wanted to free the black African slaves from their white masters.
- Had no military experience when he became general!



DO NOW #1



- Locate, color, and label the country Toussaint L'Ouverture helped free
- Locate, color, and label the country Toussaint L'Ouverture fought against



Haiti

France



TOUSSAINT L'OUVERTURE'S LIFE

- Born a slave, but granted freedom in 1777.
- Was self-educated.
- Gave himself last name “L'Ouverture” meaning “the opener”.



THE HAITIAN REVOLUTION

- 1791-1804
- Marked the only time in history that African slaves successfully rose up to overthrow their European oppressors.
- Inspired by French and American Revolutions.



THE HAITIAN REVOLUTION

- Haitians overtook 1/3 of the island with Toussaint L'Ouverture as their leader.
- Napoleon tried to send an army to Haiti to put France back in control.
- Tricked L'Ouverture to come back to France where he was thrown in jail and died of starvation.



WATCH ME!



- http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Uw7Ie_vNO7g
(portion of PBS video called “Egalite For All”)

DO NOW #2



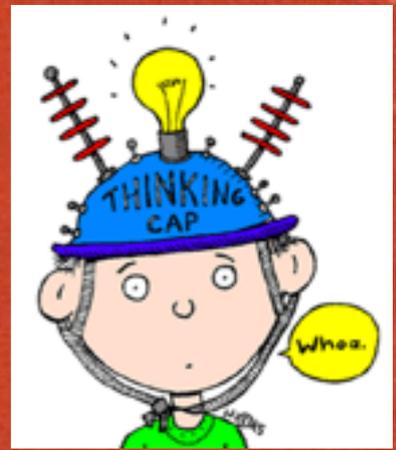
- Design a campaign poster to persuade people to join Toussaint L'Ouverture's independence movement!
- **MUST INCLUDE:**
 - fighter's name, his country, the enemy, and his main reason for freedom

WHAT HAPPENED?

- It was not until after his death that the African slaves were able to finally gain their freedom.
- Slavery was abolished and the Haitian republic became the world's first Black republic.



THINKING CAP DO NOW #1



- Why did the Haitians revolt against the French?
 - **A:** French Revolution Ideals and Racial Inequality
 - **B:** Poor Economy and French Revolution Ideals
 - **C:** Racial Inequality and Poor Economy
- Where did the Haitian Revolution take place?
 - **A:** Cuba
 - **B:** Saint Dominique
 - **C:** Brazil
- Who was Toussaint L'Ouverture?
 - **A:** Ex-slave that led a revoltion against France
 - **B:** French military leader that fought the British
 - **C:** Leader in the French Revolution

SIMON BOLIVAR

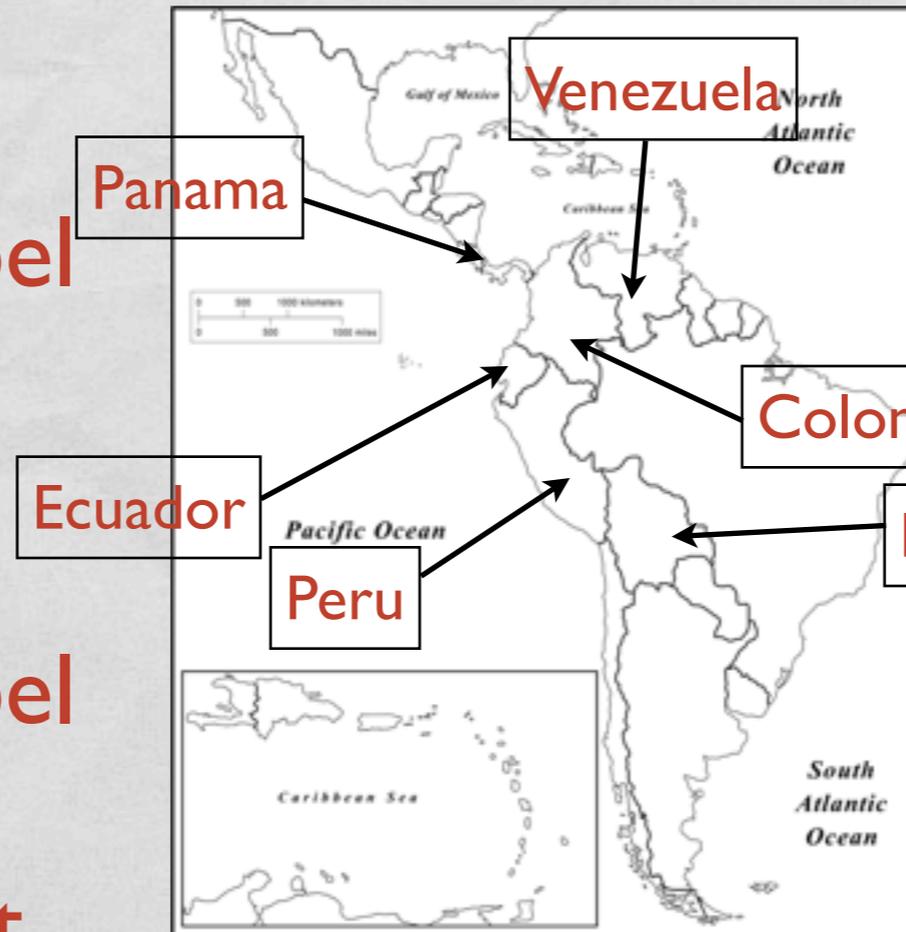
- Led independence movements for Venezuela, Colombia, Ecuador, Panama, Bolivia, and Peru from Spain.
- As a creole (a person with Spanish parents who was born in Latin America), he was tired of being ruled by European policies that were unfair.



DO NOW #3



- Locate, color, and label the country Simon Bolivar helped free
- Locate, color, and label the country Simon Bolivar fought against



Spain



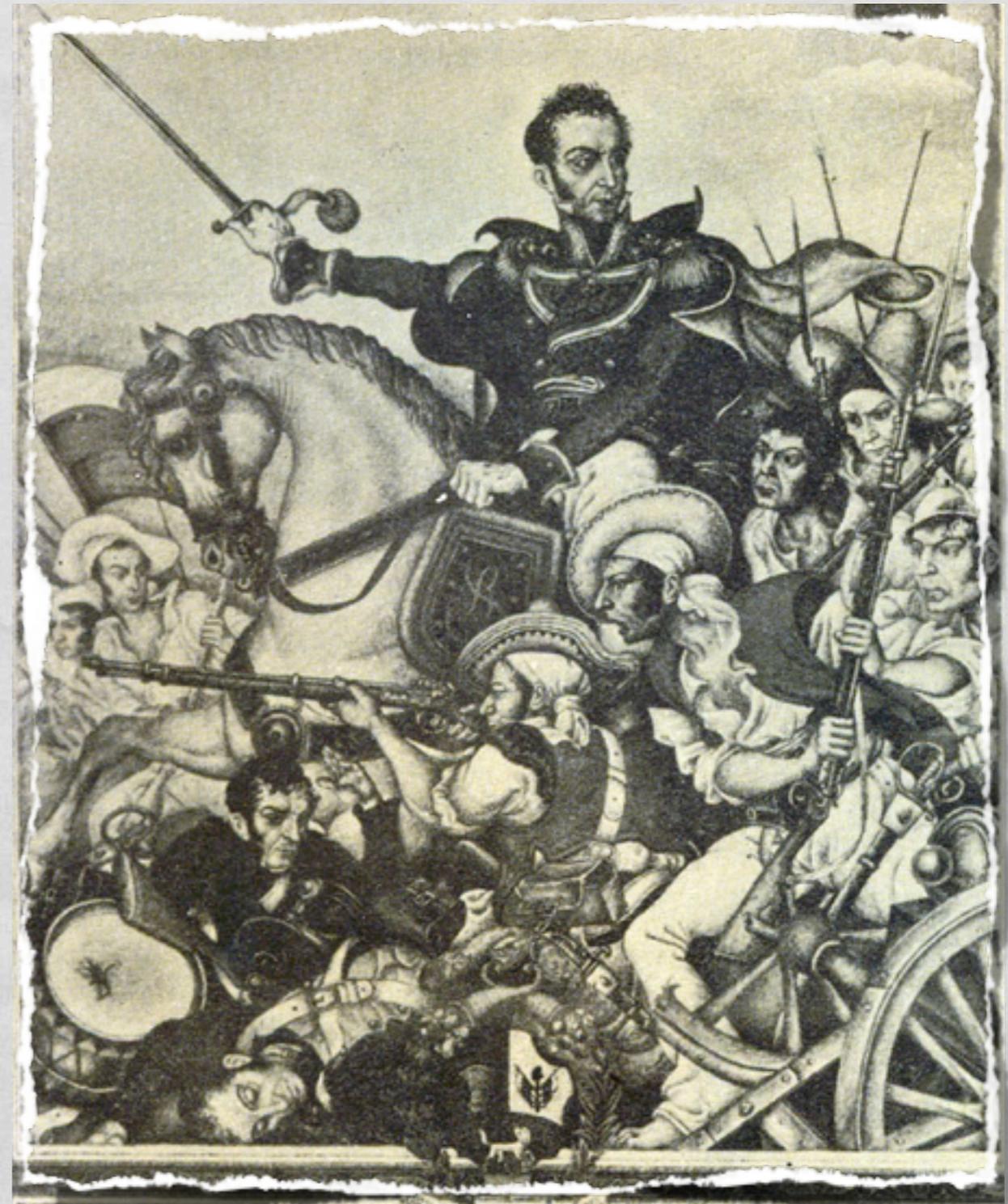
SIMON BOLIVAR'S LIFE

- Was educated in Europe where he learned of the Enlightenment and the French and American Revolutions.
- Known as “El Libertador” and “the George Washington of South America”
- Wanted to combine the countries to make one unified country called “Gran Colombia”



THE FIGHT FOR A GRAN COLOMBIA

- Gained independence for multiple countries over 12 years and became president of Colombia.
- Joined forces with José de San Martín to free Argentina and Chile in the 1810s.
- His “Gran Colombia” splintered in the 1820s and divided after only 12 years.



WATCH ME!



- <http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QwBHypVCwnU>
(a clip from “Tales of the Gun”)

DO NOW #4



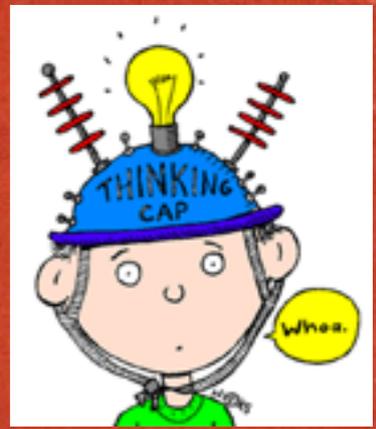
- Design a campaign poster to persuade people to join Simon Bolivar's independence movement!
- **MUST INCLUDE:**
 - fighter's name, his country, the enemy, and his main reason for freedom

WHAT HAPPENED?

- Bolivar was successful in his life to liberate countries in South America
- When he realized he was never going to be able to unite South America into one country he retired from politics (with poor health).
- In nearly every town plaza in South America, there is a statue of Bolivar; the country of “Bolivia” is named after him.



THINKING CAP DO NOW #2



- Simon Bolivar was a wealthy _____ who led independence for many _____ countries.
 - **A:** Slave; Mexican
 - **B:** Creole; South American
 - **C:** European; French
- How did Bolivar learn of the Enlightenment ideas?
 - **A:** He was educated in Europe
 - **B:** His troops told him about them
 - **C:** He read about them in the Library of Venezuela
- Why did Simon Bolivar retire from politics?
 - **A:** Because he was never able to liberate any of the South American countries
 - **B:** Because Spain left Mexico
 - **C:** Because he realized he was never going to unite all the countries into one unified country

MIGUEL HIDALGO

- Led independence for Mexico from Spain.
- Wanted Mexicans to recover the land that had been stolen from their forefathers by the Spanish.
- Wanted to end Spanish oppression of the poor in Mexico.



DO NOW #5



- Locate, color, and label the country Miguel Hidalgo helped free
- Locate, color, and label the country Miguel Hidalgo fought against



Spain



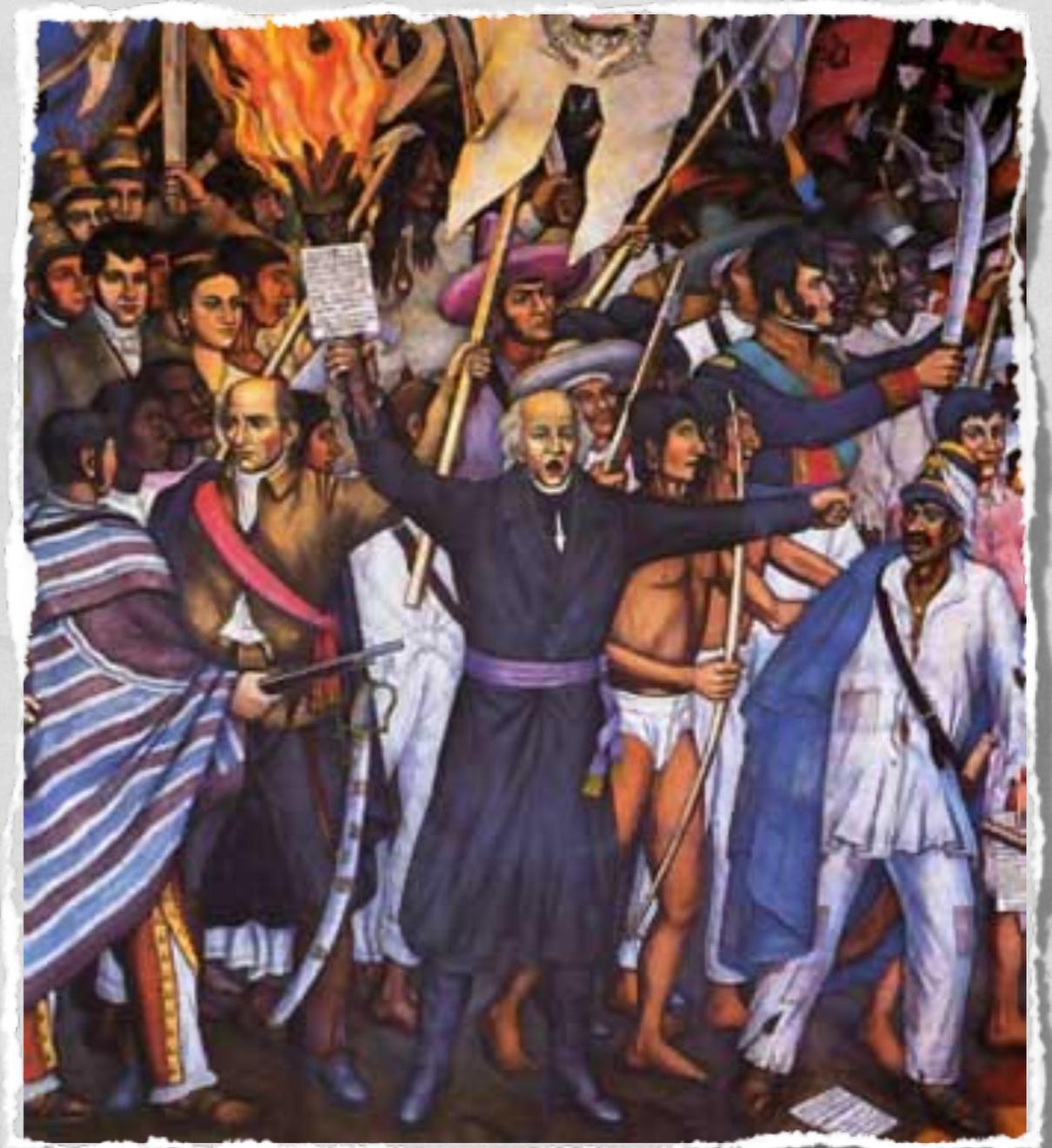
MIGUEL HIDALGO'S LIFE

- Was a Catholic priest.
- Would host talks at his home about whether it the duty of the people to overthrow an unjust tyrant.
- Known as the “Father of Mexican Independence.”



THE FIGHT FOR MEXICAN INDEPENDENCE

- 1810-1821
- Made his famous “Cry for Revolution” in Dolores in 1810 calling for the end of slavery and Spanish rule.
- Took his militia from village to village up to Mexico City.
- Hidalgo was defeated in 1811 and fled, but was captured.



WATCH ME!



- <http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cT60g-GInLs>
(clip for the Bicentennial of Mexican Independence-
stop at 2:26)

DO NOW #6



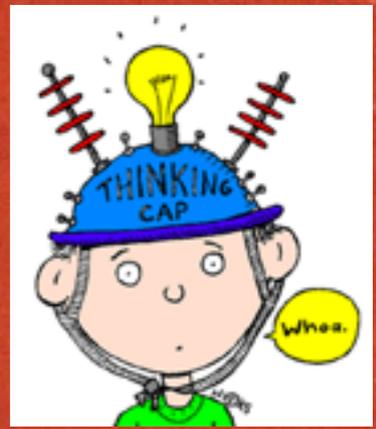
- Design a campaign poster to persuade people to join Miguel Hidalgo's independence movement!
- **MUST INCLUDE:**
 - fighter's name, his country, the enemy, and his main reason for freedom

WHAT HAPPENED?

- Hidalgo was executed by the Spanish in 1811
- Revolution continued for 11 years after Hidalgo's death and slavery was abolished.
- Every year on Sept. 16, Mexican Independence Day, people reenact the ringing of the church bell by Hidalgo.



THINKING CAP DO NOW #3



- Miguel Hidalgo was a
 - **A:** Doctor
 - **B:** Catholic Priest
 - **C:** Military General
- What were 2 reasons Hidalgo wanted to overthrow Spain?
 - **A:** abolish slavery; spread catholicism
 - **B:** spread catholicism; reclaim the land
 - **C:** reclaim the land; abolish slavery
- How did Miguel Hidalgo die?
 - **A:** Poor health
 - **B:** Executed by the Spanish
 - **C:** Killed in Battle

DO NOW #7



- Answer the following:
- If I could join one of the Latin American Independence Movements listed above, I would join _____ because _____.

